





## NEWS ITEMS.

BY SCISSORS AND PASTE-BUSH.

The bank of Charleston issues eight dollar bills.

Two hundred visitors are enjoying themselves at Blue Licks.

The catalogue of the Georgetown College shows a total of 131 students for '53.

Dr. John B. Wells, surgeon of the U. S. Army, died at Baltimore on Sunday.

The telegraph mentions the destruction by fire of two steamboats lying at St. Louis.

An arrival at New York from Grand Key, Turks Island, brings news that salt is very scarce.

Saratoga has not been very successful this season. Its stars long in the ascendant is waning.

Three hundred head of choice fat cattle passed through Wheeling on Saturday last, en route for New York.

A correspondent of the Louisville Courier urges the making of a tunnel under the Falls of the Ohio.

The number of students in Bardonia College, Ky., is 256, of whom 139 are boarders, and 67 Day Scholars.

The small pox has been very fatal in Montreal this season. The deaths are stated at 54, four in every 1,000.

The operatives in the Bay State Mills at Lawrence, Mass., have contributed \$525.52 to the Washington Monument.

Among the miners in Australia the Maine law is in operation. Grog shops are burned to the ground as soon as they are discovered.

The young men of New Albany, Ind., propose preparing a block of stone for the Washington Monument, with a suitable inscription.

A German committed suicide on Friday eve, just without the limits of Newport, Kentucky, by discharging a pistol in his mouth.

Philip Allen, having been chosen U. S. Senator, has resigned the office of Governor of Rhode Island, and is succeeded by Lt. Gov. Dinwiddie.

The value of the wheat crop of 1851, in the United States, was \$143,000,000. The value of the corn crop the same year was \$391,300,000.

Corn is quoted at 90 cents per bushel at Charleston, there not being a market for sale in that city on the 22d inst. Such an instance never before occurred.

The dwelling of Mr. Jackson McLain, in Henderson county, was destroyed by fire on Monday night last, which resulted from accident. Loss \$4,000.

The Supreme Court of N. Y., at its sitting held a week or two since, pronounced a decision affirming the constitutionality of the fugitive slave law of 1850.

On Tuesday, Mr. F. Smith was admitted to bail in \$1,500 on the charge of shooting Mr. H. Macarson, in the southern part of Nelson county two or three weeks ago. Macarson has got well.

The question of substituting the passage of the Maine Law to the people of New York was defeated in the House of Assembly on the last day of the session, by a vote of 56 yeas to 54 yeas.

The Governor of Arkansas has appointed Hon. Robert W. Johnson, United States Senator, in place of Hon. John B. Borland, who has accepted the appointment of Minister to Central America.

Seventy more Protestant refugees from Madeira have arrived at New York, and are anxious to join their brethren in Illinois. The officers of the Christian Union appeal to the public in their behalf.

There were 522 deaths in New York during the week ending July 23—a decrease of 43 on the mortality of the previous week. Cholera infantum, diarrhoea and dysentery are the prevailing diseases.

The hands on the Maysville and Lexington Railroad, near Carlisle, Nicholas county, had a mass on Saturday, the 16th instant. The powdermen drove the Corkerlans from the sections and the work was suspended during last week.

Thos. H. Benton has announced himself a candidate for the United States Senate, and it is the general expectation that the war between the Benton and the Anti-Benton parties in Missouri will be renewed with increased bitterness.

The Addison Literary Society of the Western Military Institute at Drennon, have forwarded for the Washington Monument a block of marble three and half by four feet, with suitable devices and inscriptions.

A letter from Mr. Vernon, Mo., reports the murder of Dr. Fish who resided about four miles from that town, and that his house was burned up, and his wife and child, it was supposed, perished in the flames, as they could not be found.

In Powell county below the Red River Forge, on Saturday last, Joe Curry was waylaid and shot by James Burroughs. The gun was charged with shot, several of which entered Curry's neck and face. It was thought by some that he would not recover.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.

A severe form of bilious fever has broken out violently on the South wharves in this city. Several persons have already died. The disease is supposed to have been brought into the city by vessels passing the quarantine.

A LOCOMOTIVE WITHOUT RAILS.—The following is from the Courier des Etats Unis:

A Paris journal gives an account of the invention of a locomotive destined to run on ordinary roads, by M. Alexandre Leval, yesterday we saw this locomotive, attached to a couple of cars, rolling up the streets, turning the most abrupt corners, and advancing and retreating with the greatest ease. The locomotive has a ten horse power, is mounted on four wheels with broad felles. The inventor seems confident of success.

The corner stone of a deaf and dumb asylum was laid at Fulton, Missouri, on July 4th; also the corner stone of the Wesleyan College.

## Correspondence of the Tribune.

From Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, July 3, 1853.

MESSRS. ZIMMERMAN—

Gentlemen—I fear your patience will be worn threadbare by the dull and inspired letters, which you receive from me. Yet I cannot refrain from writing you at the present time, feeling at the same time my entire inability to do justice to the subject before me, but I must trust to your imagination to fill up the deficiency.

My last letter to you was dated at Gonzales, and a few lines after that letter was closed, I left that handsome and thrifty village, crossed the San Marcos, and directed my course towards Seguin. The country I found somewhat diversified with beautiful prairies and hills, the latter almost covered with timber. When I reached within a few miles of Seguin, a beautiful and rich prairie opened before me, and the farther I advanced the more the beauty and loveliness of the country and scenery increased, until I became perfectly enraptured. When I have in sight of Seguin I thought it the most beautiful sight I had seen. The town is built in a lovely grove of live oaks, and stands upon an elevated situation, sloping gently each way from the centre, and the citizens have shown their good taste by allowing the trees to stand, not cutting them even to the streets.

On reaching the town, I alighted at the splendid hotel of Dr. W. S. Read, who once was a citizen of your town. The cordial welcome and kind reception I met with by the Doctor and his amiable lady was quite gratifying to me after my long journey, and I was soon surrounded by acquaintances and friends. I spent two days very agreeably there. Seguin is handsomely laid off in modern style. The buildings generally have an air of neatness and comfort, and much good taste has been displayed in all the improvements of the town. There are two large and handsome two story stone buildings erected, one for a male and the other a female seminary, which shows at one glance to the traveler the intelligence and spirit of its inhabitants. In the town there are quite a number of fine springs, some of them sending forth large bold streams of pure clear water. Seguin is surrounded on all sides by a rich and productive valley, extending as far as the eye can reach, and interspersed with fine groves of timber. The town is by far the most beautiful and inviting I have seen in the State. The citizens are kind and hospitable, and in point of intelligence and refinement, will compare with any town in the middle States. No traveler should leave Texas until he has visited Seguin, and all who visit there should put up at the elegant hotel of Dr. Read, and if they are fond of good living, they can indulge to their heart's content at the table or bar, and then the luxury of his nest and well furnished bed-rooms must be enjoyed to be appreciated.

From Seguin I proceeded to New Braunfels, over a very rich and beautiful country, every foot of which is as productive as heart could wish. New Braunfels is situated upon the right bank of the Comal river, and is seated almost exclusively by Germans, (this site having been selected by the German emigrating society) and has but few Americans in it, and they are merchants and business men. This town contains 1,600 inhabitants, and stands upon a vast level plain of as rich soil as any in the Union, and is settled for many miles around by industrious and thrifty farmers fresh from Germany. Comal river is a great natural curiosity, being only two miles long, yet it is a broad bold stream of clear blue water, and very deep furling in mid-summer, the heaviest rains not changing, or increasing its waters or dry weather, diminishing them. It borrows forth in many currents from the foot of base of the mountain, clear as crystal, and runs off in a vast and rapid current two miles and empties into the Gaudaloupe river, near its source. Nature has formed a canal so spacious in its dimensions, that the whole water of the river could be turned into it by a dozen basins in twenty-four hours, which would afford water power sufficient to drive twenty of the largest factories in the Union. The base of the mountain would stand above high water, and yet have twenty feet fall. Already there has been a sufficiency of water turned into this natural channel to drive one saw mill, one grist-mill with two run of stones, and one cotton gin. I have visited the North and seen their boasted water power, but never have I seen anything to compare with this stream, situated, too, in the very heart of one of the finest cotton growing regions of the world, and at a point suitable to monopolize all the Southern and Mexican trade. New Braunfels are long well to the South what Lowell is to Massachusetts, or the Patuxent to Maryland.

After visiting all that was interesting at San Antonio, I left for the old city of New Braunfels, my road lying within a few miles of the general range of the base of the mountains. But here, Messrs. Editors, I feel sensibly my utter inability to do justice to my subject. All that I could write or say would give you but a faint and imperfect idea of the reality, for I can assure you that neither pen or pencil can sketch the scenery in such a manner as to give you a view of the extreme beauty, majestic grandeur, varied levelness of the scenes continually changing and bursting upon your view for thirty miles. Often did I dismount from my horse upon an elevated position and gaze with rapturous wonder, and exulting delight upon the picturesque and lovely views around me. The whole distance along the base of the mountains, the plain was extremely rich and fertile, prairie and groves of timber, hills and valleys all covered with a rich and luxuriant coat of grass. At length I have in sight of San Antonio, and entered it in the midst of mud houses with straw covers, or in other words they might be termed Mexican dwellings, as I might say you could imagine I pushed along a narrow, dirty, crooked street, until I arrived in front of the old Alamo. Here I paused with a shudder, as I recollected the bloody deeds done in and around that stately old pile. I thought of Crockett and Bowie, who so nobly stood close deep in blood and formed a breast work of dead bodies around them. I gave a sigh to the memory of those brave patriots who fell here, fighting for the liberty of this beautiful country. Crossing the San Antonio river upon a bridge, I soon found myself in the Plaza, and dismounted in front of the Plaza House, a stranger (as I thought and felt) in a strange land, but I had scarcely set my foot upon the pavement, when I heard my name called from the midst of the crowd before the hotel door, and in one minute I was cordially welcomed by several old acquaintances, some of whom I was really quite delighted to meet. I have been here two days and visited all that is interesting, have enjoyed myself very much indeed, have witnessed a Mexican fandango, and have no desire to see another. San Antonio is situated in a rich and beautiful country, a very extensive business place, contains much wealth and fashion, some handsome buildings put up by Americans, is well surrounded by the river of the same name, (and a beautiful clear stream it is) yet I must acknowledge I was disappointed in the appearance of this old city, as there is no taste or refinement displayed in laying off the streets or improving them (excepting a few houses lately built), and the old clumsy cathedral, with its cracked bells, always tinkling like an old pot, annoys me exceedingly, and I long to get out of hearing of its ugly sound. The Mexican buildings are so thick and clumsy, so very ugly, that they spoil the town in appearance. I could spend a few days here pleasantly, but I could not be induced to live here, on account of the heterogeneous mass of peoples the city. Here we have Mexicans, Spaniards, Germans, French, Italians and Americans, all mixed up in one town, and I could not be content to live in such a mess.

Having received a communication which makes it necessary for me to return home much sooner than I at first designed, I must change the direction of my tour and shape my course more in the direction of home, to which place business calls me as speedily as possible; consequently you will not be troubled with any more letters during this tour. I have not yet seen as much of the country as I wished, yet the idea of returning is by no means unpleasant, for I can assure you I feel a great desire to meet again those persons whose faces ever wear a smile of welcome on my approach. I wish, too, to indulge in the luxuries of our bath house. I wish to roll in the cooling waves of the briny deep.

But, Messrs. Editors, I cannot take leave of this subject without saying that I have already seen enough of Texas to come confidently to the conclusion that there is more rich land in Western Texas than can be found in any other two States in this Union. I can show a scope of country two hundred miles wide and four hundred long, that contains more rich land, than can be found in the same boundary upon the face of the globe. It does seem to me that the agricultural resources of this country are unlimited, and her commercial advantages equal to any State in the Union. The climate cannot be equalled. These facts, and the vast influx of a good class of people from all parts of the States, are fully sufficient to convince me that Texas will march with giant strides to greatness and power. Her course will be onward and upward, and in a few years she will occupy a very elevated position in the family of States. Yes, sir, fifteen years from this date, and Texas will be hailed the Queen of the South, and the Eden of America.

I remain, gentlemen, With the highest regard, Yours truly,

S. F. SOUTHERN.

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FOREIGN NEWS BY THE ASIA.—The London Times has the following:

PARIS, July 12, P. M.

The Exchange was animated all near the close, when a panic arose, in consequence of a rumor that Admiral Bruat's fleet had been ordered to the Baltic.

The income from the indirect taxes and revenue, during the first half of the year 1853, in France, exceeds the income for the same period last year twenty-two millions francs.

The news from the Danubian Provinces, and from Odessa, is very disheartening. Trade was daily becoming more stagnant. A letter from a Russian officer at Jassey, says that the army would pass the winter in the Principality, and the officers were sending for their wives and families.

Alvices from Vienna, under date of the 11th, says the Russian question may now be regarded as settled.

BALTIMORE, July 27.

New Orleans papers of Monday are received. They contain Mexican dates to the 16th.

The papers are discussing the Spanish pretensions.

The Jesuits are invited to return to Mexico.

Santa Anna is preparing to unite the Church and State.

The diligence between Vera Cruz and Mexico was robbed. One passenger was killed. The robbers to the number of fifteen were arrested.

The towns of Jalisco and Hua Jaco were inundated and many lives lost.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.

The Salt Lake mail reached Independence on the 25th. The mail party met a good many trains this side of Fort Laramie, most of which would muster at Salt Lake Valley.

The Indians had troubled Smith's train on 32 Mile Creek, and Dennison's trains on Small Creek.

A party of Sioux had taken possession of the ferry at north fork of the Platte River, but did not hold it long.

The Platte river was very high, and a good deal of rain had fallen in all of that region.

There is but little news of interest.

The railroad fever is getting high again.

The following persons, animals, &c., have passed Fort Laramie this season en route for California:—9,698 men, 2,378 women, 3,958 children, 5,415 horses, 2,121 mules, 102,828 head of cattle, 40,125 sheep, and 3,000 wagons.

What would you say if you were to see a drunken man lying in the open street exposed to the peltings of a violent storm.—Temperance Journal.

We should say the poor devil was under the weather. What would you say, Louisville Journal.

07 Dates from Santa Fe to the beginning of July have been received at St. Louis.

Affairs were moving quietly in New Mexico.

The sheep and most of the other animals taken by the Navajos from Mexicans had been restored. The Navajos seemed anxious to make reparation and be at peace.

The Navajos were busily engaged in planting. So also were a large portion of the Jicarilla Apaches.

The approaching election in September of a Delegate to Congress was exciting some interest.

The Mexicans this year were paying more than usual attention to farming—with a promise of fair crops.

The Indians of the Plains were perfectly peaceable. Colonel Sumner (late military commandant of New Mexico), Major Morris, and Lieut. Whistler, were overtaken at Cottonwood Fork of the Arkansas coming in.

There had been no new movement in relation to the Mesilla Territory. The Mexicans had a small force stationed in the little town of Mesilla, which would be required to remove on Gen. Garland's arrival in New Mexico.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—On the 4th of July the following toast was enthusiastically received at a celebration in Charleston:

CLAY, WEBSTER, CALHOUN.—In life they towered in greatness and worth above the men of their times, the moral and intellectual pyramids of their country, if not of the age; in their deaths Kentucky, Massachusetts, and South Carolina each feels a domestic grief, the heart of the entire Union throbs in responsive sympathy, and the civilized world owns the infectious sorrow.

The editor of the Madison Courier, a Democratic organ, says he is "sorry that the present Democratic administration does not work better." We can assure him that it isn't likely to work any better so long as his Democratic brethren are in the press, and afraid even to hint to the administration that it doesn't work as beautifully as any machinery ever did in the world.—Louisville Journal.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF Land, Stock, Crop, &c. &c.

MR. UNDERSEAL, Executor of JAMES WARDLAW, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the late residence of said deceased, 5 miles from Lexington, on the Versailles turnpike, on Tuesday, September 6, 1853, that portion of the E. A. R. M. on which said Wardlaw resided at the time of his death, remaining unsold, and

Containing about 560 Acres OF First Rate Land.

It is in a high state of cultivation, is well watered with never failing springs, and a large portion of it covered with valuable timber. This tract includes the improvements, consisting of a large and well arranged new Brick Dwelling, Kitchen, Negro houses, Barn, Stables, and all necessary buildings in good order. On the whole, this is believed to be one of the most desirable Tracts of Land, and all things considered, now offered for sale. Persons wishing to purchase are invited to call and see it, and it may be as well to state, that it can be purchased at private sale at any time before the day of public sale, if desired. Also, at the same time.

All the Personal Property Of said Wardlaw, consisting of 150 head of Cattle, 100 of which are good 3 and 4 year old Steers; about 20 Hogs; 140 Sheep, and some 60 or 80 Hens; the Crop on the place, consisting of about 130 acres of Corn in the field; 150 bushels of old Corn; a fine crop of Wheat, Oats, &c.; Farming Implements of all kinds, among which Two Four Horse Wagons; House and Kitchen Furniture, And various other articles on the place not necessary to enumerate.

Also, will be sold at the same time, 57 shares Northern Bank Stock; 13 shares Bank of Kentucky Stock; 2 shares Frankfort, Lexington and Versailles Turnpike Stock; 1 Perpetual Scholarship in Centre College, Danville.

TERMS.—For the Land, one-third of the purchase money will be required in hand, the balance in one and two years, a lien being retained to secure the two last payments, and suitable notes executed therefor.

For the Bank and other Stocks a credit of 4 months will be given, upon the execution of negotiable notes, with approved security.

For the other Personal Property, for all sums under \$15 cash in hand—for that amount and over a credit of 9 months will be given, upon the execution of negotiable notes, with approved security.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the residence of JAMES WARDLAW, deceased, Fayette co. July 5, '53, till 5 o'clock.

ADDISON McPHERTERS, JOSEPH G. FRAZER, Executors of James Wardlaw, deceased.

NOTICE.

ON the 21st of November, 1851, a Land Warrant was issued by the Government of the United States, under the act of 28th Sept., 1850, for the military services rendered by me as a member of the 1st Regt. of Kentucky Cavalry, 15th Regt. Kentucky Militia, in the war with Great Britain declared by the United States on the 18th of June, 1812; which Warrant came to my hands and has been lost. Therefore, be it known to all whom it may concern, that on the 24th day of September, 1853, I shall apply to the Commissioner of Pensions for a re-issue of said Warrant.

HENRY URTON, alias HENRY ERTON, Garrard co., Ky., July 15, '53 G. W.

500 LABORERS On the Lexington & Danville Railroad, BETWEEN Nicholasville and Danville, to whom the highest wages will be paid and constant employment given.

The work is heavy and dry. The country is one of the most healthy to be found North or South.

C. & D. C. LINSLEY & CO., Danville, July 15, '53 if Contractors.

ASSURANCE, BY THE

ETNA Insurance Company, OF HARTFORD, CONN., Capital and Assets in Fire Department, Near \$500,000.

Annuitiy Fund, Life Department, \$150,000. S. Agent of the above Company, I will issue policies of Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise, &c., on reasonable terms. I will also issue policies of Insurance in the Life Department of the Company.

G. A. ARMSTRONG, Agt., Danville, Ky., feb 11, '53

TO HOUSE KEEPERS. ON hand, a few Fine Tea Sets, Table Cloth Napkins, &c., with an offering on accommodating terms.

G. A. ARMSTRONG, feb 13, '53

## CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS.

DEBANT &amp; LEAVEL

TAKE this method of informing the public that their establishment, one mile from the town of Crab Orchard, is now ready for the reception of visitors. Their rooms are new, neat and airy, and no pains will be spared to make visitors comfortable in every respect. They have recently erected a large Stable, capable of stabling 25 horses, with good sheds for carriages.

THE WATERS Are Sulphur, Chalybeate, and Chalybeate and Magnesia combined. Its borders will also have access to the Ipsos Spring, about two miles distant, a fine gravel road leading thence, or those who prefer it can be supplied with the Ipsos in their rooms. It is unnecessary to say anything of the medicinal virtues of these Springs, as their reputation is abundantly established.

Persons desiring Hydropathic Treatment, can secure the services of Dr. Wirtz, who will attend patients at my house.

Crab Orchard, Ky., July 1, '53 if

BRYANT AND LEAVEL AGAIN: MANY persons have been prevented from visiting our establishment in the last few weeks, by being told by some interested friends in Crab Orchard and other places, that our rooms were all full, and no more could be accommodated. We take this method of requesting all persons desirous of visiting our Springs, to inquire of Mr. Lewis Bryant, in town, or take the pains to ride out and see us at home, they will then know the truth. We still have several fine rooms vacant.

BRYANT & LEAVEL, Crab Orchard, July 15, '53

JUST RECEIVED. A. J. O. HAWKINS

Groceries.— 2 lbs prime N. O. Sugar; 600 lbs Java, Maracopa, Java and Rio Coffee; 200 lbs Pressed Fallow Candles; 200 lbs Dairy and Fine Apple Cheese; 100 lbs assorted Teas; 500 lbs Crystallized, Powdered and Crushed Sugars.

Confectioneries.— 500 lbs Candy, at 14 cts. per lb. 100 lbs. Nuts, assorted; Preserved and Branded Fruits; Spiced Currants and Citrus; Raisins, Prunes, and Dates; Sweets of all kinds; All for sale on the most accommodating terms.

J. C. HEWLEY, June 24, '53 No. 23, Main st.

Sash Lock. THE subscriber has purchased the right for Boyle county, of making and selling a Superior Patent Sash Lock, for locking and raising Window Sash, and for locking the lower sash when down. He can attach the Patent to any window, and has already fixed the windows of several of the citizens of this town. His charges are very moderate, and orders are respectfully solicited.

H. A. B. CROWDER, Danville, June 10, '53 if

Town Ordinances. BE it ordained by the Board of Trustees of Boyle County, That from and after this date it shall be unlawful to weigh any Cattle or other stock upon the Scales on Main street in Danville, under a penalty of \$2 for each offence.

BE it ordained, That the regular hours for opening Market from this date until the 1st of September next, shall be 4 o'clock each morning, to continue open, if necessary, until 8 o'clock each morning, and any person who shall be guilty of opening and selling or offering any article of marketing before the hour herein prescribed, either directly or indirectly, shall pay a fine of \$5, to be collected in the usual manner of collecting taxes.

Ordered, That from this date the proceeds of the Hay Scales on Main street be given to the keeper thereof, as remuneration for his services, in attending to them, he being required to keep said scales in good condition and repair at his own expense.

Ordered, That from this date the different Station Keepers in Danville have the privilege of showing their stock on the street on which their stable is situated, but to extend no farther than the length of the square upon which said stable is located; and any person whose stock shall be shown on the street, shall be required to use the street back of their stables in some manner as above described, and all persons are prohibited from showing their stock in any other than the streets herein designated, under the usual penalty of collecting taxes.

R. J. WAGGENER, Pres't. pro tem. J. H. Smith, Clerk. July 3, '53 2u

Town Ordinances. BE it ordained by the Board of Trustees of Boyle County, That the President of the town of Danville, be and is hereby authorized, to subscribe Sixty Thousand Dollars to the capital stock of the following contemplated Railroads, and in the following manner, viz:—\$20,000 to the Danville and McMinville Railroad, and \$20,000 to the Knoxville and Danville Railroad, and \$20,000 to the Nashville and Danville Railroad; to be subject, however, to the ratification of the legal voters of the town of Danville, and in case either of the above roads shall be made to Danville, then the amount appropriated to said road to be equally divided in stock in the other two roads; and in case two of said roads should fail to be made, the whole amount above to be appropriated to which ever of the three roads named that may be constructed to Danville.

Health Ordinance. ORDERED, that it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, living in the town of Danville, to suffer or permit any filth or trash of any kind, or any other thing whatever, that in any way calculated to produce any nuisance or to be offensive to the senses, or to the health of the citizens of said town, to be or remain in or on any portion of their premises, within the limits of said town. Any person who shall be guilty of violating this Ordinance, shall be subject to a fine of \$3 and costs for each and every offence, to be collected as other fines and forfeitures are collected.

Ordered, That each and every person within the limits of Danville, are hereby required to scatter Fresh Lime about their premises, in all such places as are calculated to produce any unwholesome exhalations, under the same penalty as above.

Selling or giving Liquor to Slaves. ORDERED, that from this date, all and every person who may be found guilty of selling or giving spirituous Liquor to any slave, shall pay for each and every offence, a fine of \$50, with the costs accruing thereon, to be recovered by warrant before the Police Judge, or some Justice of the Peace in and for Boyle county.

Reclaiming Streets. ORDERED, That all persons owning Lots on Broadway, from 4th Street to Mrs. D. Carpenter's Lot, be, and are hereby required, to Grade and Macadamize 3 feet of said street in front of, and at the length of their respective Lots on said street, commencing in the centre of said street, and paying towards their lots, All of said Grading and Macadamizing to be done in two months from this date. All of said work that is not completed in the time above prescribed, will, at the expiration of said time, be let out to the lowest bidder.

Ordered, that the foregoing Ordinances be published in the Danville Tribune.

JNO. TOMPKINS, Clk'n. V. H. Smith, Clerk.







**INKS.**—Black, Blue and Red INKS, warranted very superior, for sale by  
dec 8 A. S. McGRORTY

**TEA & CO.**  
50 GALLONS London Tar, for sale by  
[feb 12] J. M. NICHOLS.

**FRESH GROCERIES.**  
[UST received and for sale low for Cash

3 11 lbs N. O. Sugar;  
 3 lbs Refined *do—can't be beat!*  
 7 lbs single & double refined Crush'd Sugr;  
 20 sacks *Old Baltimore* Rio Coffee;  
 10 lbs *Golden Syrup* and *Molasses*.  
 A large lot *Starch* and *Moulding Canada*.  
 Feb 15 J. M. NICHOLS.

**Wholesale.**  
 We are now receiving a general assortment of *Grain*, consisting in part of *Clarified, Crushed and Brown Sugars*, *Golden Syrup*, *Sugar-house* and *Plantation Molasses*; *Coffee*, *Tea*, *Pepper*, *Alspice*, *Ginger*, *Soda*, *Saleratus*, &c. &c., all of which we will sell very low.

WELSH & RUSSELL.

mar 1, '53

**Fresh Groceries.**  
A General, and first-rate assortment of Groceries just received, such as:  
N. O. Sugar by the barrel or at retail;  
Crushed and Loaf Sugar; Molasses;  
Coffee by the sack or pound;  
Tea, Spices, Pepper, Mackerel, and every thing else in the Family Grocery line.  
feb 4 JOHN HAYT

**Spices.**  
GUN and Blasting Powder, by the Keg or at retail. Also, Safety Fuse.  
JNO. HAYT.

**16,000** LBS. Mountain Rio Coffee;  
8,000 lbs. St. Domingo " do;  
10,000 lbs. The Valley " do;

5,000 " Old Java do;  
At the Married Greengy  
**Chairs, Vices, &c.**  
**WELSH & RUSSEL** keep constan-  
ly on hand, and at low prices, Le-  
Drawing, Halter and Dog Chains, Blue  
smiths and Quarrier's Slings, &c. &c.  
Vices, &c. n.r.4. 53

**Common Chairs.**  
I HAVE on hand a large lot of Comm-  
Chairs, which I will sell low.  
E. H. 15, M. HAMILTON.

**GEO. F. NEWLIN,**  
**DENTIST,**

**RESPECTFULLY** informs the citizens of Danville and vicinity, that he has taken a room over Mr. CALDWELL'S Store, and is prepared to perform all operations belonging to a **Surgical and Mechanical Dentist.**

On the most approved plans.

TEETH inserted from One to a Full Set in a style which, for utility and beauty, are excelled by none.

\*After an experience of nearly five years in the vicinity of Philadelphia, he feels confident to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.

Danville, Nov 5, '52 If

**NEW STOCK!**

**HAVE** just received a very large and beautiful stock of articles in my line, to wit: I invite the attention of the public. My stock consists in part of the following:

**COOL STOVE**  
Of various patterns;  
**Water Coolers; Japanned Ware**  
A beautiful lot of  
**PARLOR LAMP**,  
**Burning Fluid; Pumps; Oil Lamps;**  
**Trunks; Glass Lanterns—new style;**  
Together with various other articles too numerous to mention—all of which were secured with great care, and will be sold low.

**STOVES.**  
A LARGE assortment of STOVES of  
all best patterns, and warranted to  
work, just received, and for sale low rates.  
D. LEWIS  
**TINWARE.**  
I HAVE a large assortment of TINWARE  
on hand, which will sell very low.

either wholesale or retail, or exchange for Country Produce.

D. GRIFFITH

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**Japanned Ware.**

A GOOD assortment of JAPANNED WARE just received, and more coming, which I will sell low for cash in hand.

D. GRIFFITH

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**House Guttering**

I WILL, at all times attend to all calls in line, either in town or country, on reasonable terms, and all work done by me shall be the best material and workmanship.

D. GRIFFITH

Dec. 15. 1852.

Danville, July 16, 32 1/2

**New Copper, Tin, Sheet-Iron**  
AND  
**STOVE STOREN**

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Danville and the surrounding country that he has commenced the manufacture of CUPPER, TIN, SHEET-IRON WARE, in all various branches on Main street



occupied by W. H. Linney as a sales representative, where he is now prepared to manufacture in any order on short notice and at the lowest price for anything in his line of business. **COOKING STOVES.** Merchants will be supplied with Tin-Ware and other goods at prices as will enable them to make the best profit.

**House Cutters, Roofing, &c.,** done in the most approved manner, of the best material, and at a low price and warranted.

**COOKING STOVES** of all the best patterns will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at the most reasonable prices.

The subscriber respectfully requests a share of public patronage, and hopes, by strict attention to business, good work and moderate prices, to merit the same.

GEO. CUDLIP.

N. R. on Cudlip

or taken in exchange for work.  
 Danville, Feb 25, '53 1y  
 G. C.

**Remington's**  
 Patent Condensing and Digesting  
**COFFEE POT!**  
 Manufactured and sold by  
 D. GRIFFITH  
 For the counties of Boyle, Lincoln and Ca.

**Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.**  
**WELSH & RUSSELL** have now  
 a stock keeping on hand, a complete  
 assortment of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Window  
 Glass, &c., and do not intend to be undersold  
 by their neighbors.  
 mar 4, '53